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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/711,710	09/30/2004	Robert Africa	188444/US/2 5709	
20686 7590 12/07/2007 DORSEY & WHITNEY, LLP INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT			EXAMINER	
			HOEY, ALISSA L	
SUITE 4700	70 SEVENTEENTH STREET UITE 4700 ENVER, CO 80202-5647		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DENVER, CO			3765	
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			12/07/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/711,710	AFRICA ET AL.			
r	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Alissa L. Hoey	3765			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any rearne	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a solution of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cause the application to become ABANDONE	l.  lely filed  the mailing date of this communication.  D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <a href="mailto:15">15 October 2007</a> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  2b) This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 13-19,50 and 55-58 is/are pending in 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) 13-19,50 and 55-58 is/are rejected.  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Applicati	on Papers					
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the Idrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) <u>□</u> a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)	ite			
3) 🖾 Inform	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date 10/31/07.	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response to Amendment

1. Amendment of 10/15/07 has been entered, amending claims 13, 14, 16, 50 and 57 and claim 58 was newly added. Claims 13-19, 50 and 55-58 are examined below.

#### Information Disclosure Statement

2. Cited reference numbers 36 and 27 are not singed off on, because they are already of record from PTO-892 dated 05/10/07.

## Specification

3. The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: "...and including a garment facing side contacting a body facing side of the first cloth layer" (claim 13), "the at least one foam pad including a garment facing side contacting a body facing side of the first foam layer and a body facing side contacting a garment facing side of the second cloth layer" (claim 13) and "...the garment facing side of the first foam layer solely contacts the body facing side of the first cloth layer; the first foam layer defines a first perimeter; the at least one foam pad defines a second perimeter; and the first perimeter encompasses the second perimeter" (claim 58).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

5. Claims 13,15, 17 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Forsyth et al. (US 6,565,702).

In regard to claim 13, Forsyth et al. teaches a chamois comprising a first cloth layer (35), the first cloth layer (35) being relatively elastic and having a garment facing side (figure 17: column 2, lines 57-61). A second cloth layer (41, 79, 80), the second cloth layer being relatively elastic (41) and having at least one relatively inelastic portion (79, 80). The second cloth layer (41, 79, 80) having a body facing side (figure 17). A first foam layer (end portion of 36), the first foam layer (36) coupled to the first cloth layer (35) and located between the first cloth layer (35) and the second cloth layer (41). The first foam layer (36) being relatively elastic such that the chamois stretches (column 6, lines 54-61). At least one foam pad (39, 40) being coupled to the first foam layer (36) between the first foam layer (36) and the second cloth layer (41). The at least one foam pad (39, 40) substantially aligned with the at least one relatively inelastic portion (79, 80), such that the at least one foam pad is inherently inhibited from stretching (figure 17).

Further, Forsyth et al. teaches the first foam layer (36) coupled to the fist cloth layer (35) and including a garment facing side contacting a body facing side of the first cloth layer (see figure 17, identifiers 36 and 35 contact each other). The at least one foam pad (40, 39) including a garment facing side contacting a body facing side of the first foam layer (36) and a body facing side contacting a garment facing side of the second cloth layer (see figures 17, pad (39, 40) contacts layer 41, 80, 79 and pads (40,

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39) contact body facing side of the first foam layer at the sides portions when all attached together).

In regard to claim 15, Forsyth et al. teaches the at least one foam pad (39, 40) being relatively elastic (column 6, lines 32-39 and column 3, lines 19-38).

In regard to claim 17, Forsyth et al. teaches the first cloth layer (35) comprising a relatively inelastic portion substantially aligned with the at least one foam pad (construction of foam pad with first cloth layer would produce a relatively inelastic portion of first cloth layer).

In regard to claim 55, Forsyth et al. teaches a second foam layer (middle portion of 36) coupled to the second cloth layer (41) and located between the at least one foam pad (39, 40) and the second cloth layer (41). The second foam layer (36) being relatively elastic such that the chamois stretches (column 6, lines 54-61).

In regard to claim 56, Forsyth et al. teaches the first foam layer (36: end segment) and the second foam layer (36: middle segment) comprising the same type of foam (column 6, lines 54-61).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 14, 18, 19, 50 and 56-58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Forsyth.

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Forsyth teaches the padded garment as described above in claim 13.

In regard to claim 58, Forsyth teaches different embodiments of a padded garment. The embodiment used to reject claim 13, does not provide the foam layer solely attached to the first cloth layer. However, Forsyth does teaches the foam layer solely attached to the first cloth layer in another pad embodiment (see figure 19, identifiers 35, 36).

It would have been obvious to have provided the pad of Forsyth with foam layer extending entirely along the first cloth layer of Forsyth, since the pad of Forsyth provided with a fully extending foam layer would provide for a pad that provides additional protection along the entire length of the cloth layer and not just in certain spots.

In regard to claim 14, Forsyth et al. teaches the at least one foam pad (39, 40) being relatively inelastic (column 6, lines 32-39 and column 3, lines 19-38).

In regard to claim 18, Forsyth et al. teaches the at least one foam pad (39, 40) being relatively denser than the elastic foam layer (column 6, lines 24-61).

In regard to claim 19, Forsyth et al. teaches the at least one foam pad comprises multiple densities at least one of which is denser than the elastic foam layer (see pads 39, 40 and column 6, lines 24-61).

In regard to claim 50, Forsyth et al. teaches the chamois being flexible (column 2, lines 1-5).

In regard to claim 57, Forsyth et al. teaches the first foam layer (36) coupled to the second cloth layer (41).

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8. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Forsyth et al. in view of Garneau (US 2005/0210570).

Forsyth et al. teaches a chamois as detailed above. However, Forsyth fails to teach the second cloth layer containing an anti-microbial material.

Garneau teaches a chamois having a second cloth layer to be contact with the user's skin containing an anti-microbial material (paragraph 0047).

It would have been obvious to have provided the chamois of Forsyth et al. with the second cloth layer containing anti-microbial material, since the chamois of Forsyth et al. provided with the second cloth layer containing anti-microbial material would provide a chamois that not only protects the user's skin and body from a bike seat, but also provides protection against the formation of bacteria.

## Response to Arguments

- 9. Applicant's arguments filed 10/15/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- I) Applicant argues that Forsyth et al. fails to teach "the at least one foam pad including a garment facing side contacting a body facing side of the first from layer".

Examiner disagrees, since Forsyth et al. teaches a foam pad (39, 40) with a garment facing side (bottom edge of 39, 40) which contacts the body facing side of the first foam layer (see bottom edge of 39, 40 contact body facing side of 36 at their bottom edges).

II) Applicant argues that Garneau used in combination with Forsyth would not provide the invention as claimed.

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Examiner notes that Garneau is used to teach antimicrobial material in a padding construction of a cycling garment. The antimicrobial material of Garneau is used to protect the user from the formation of bacteria. It would be obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to have provided the antimicrobial material to protect the user from the formation of bacteria as taught in Garneau and applied the antimicrobial material to the material of Forsyth.

### Conclusion

10. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alissa Hoey whose telephone number is (571) 272-4985. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00-5:30)Second Friday Off.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Gary Welch can be reached on (571) 272-4996. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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ALH

/Alissa L. Hoey/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3765